Making the First Fracture
the Last Fracture:
Progress Since the 2012
ASBMR Task Force Report
on Secondary Fracture
Prevention

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About the American Society for Bone and Mineral Research (ASBMR)

- The ASBMR is the premier professional, scientific and medical society established to promote excellence in bone and mineral research and to facilitate the translation of that research into clinical practice.
- The ASBMR has a membership of nearly 4,000 physicians, basic research scientists and clinical investigators.
- The ASBMR Annual Meeting is the pre-eminent scientific meeting on bone and mineral metabolism. An estimated 3,500 participants from nearly 60 countries are attending the 2014 Annual Meeting.



ASBMR Task Force on Secondary Fracture Prevention

- International expert panel, representing 36 countries throughout Asia-Pacific, South America, Europe and North America.
- Performed extensive review of possible solutions to prevent patients that have had a fragility fracture from refracturing ("secondary fracture").
- In 2012, the Task Force published its report that concluded that the most effective solution is "fracture liaison services" (FLS), coordinatorbased, secondary fracture prevention services implemented by healthcare systems for the treatment of osteoporotic patients, that research has shown to significantly improve follow-up assessment and treatment.





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ASBMR Task Force Recommendations and Findings

- Intervention after a first fracture reduces repeat occurrences;
 comprehensive research review shows fracture liaison services work.
- The Task Force Report urged healthcare providers to:
 - Routinely provide osteoporosis testing and initiate treatment with medication as needed for all men and women over the age of 50 who have suffered a fracture and are at high risk for future fractures.
 - Aggressively identify and provide care for the millions of people who have suffered their first osteoporosis-related fracture, in order to prevent subsequent fractures.

Bone and Mineral Research

- FLS programs have been shown to reduce hip fractures by almost 40 percent.
- The most significant barrier to widespread use of FLS is the lack of insurance coverage.

The Cost of Doing Nothing

- Each year nearly 300,000 older adults in the U.S. suffer hip fractures and more than 20 percent die within a year of their injury.
- Fractures from osteoporosis and low bone mass cost **\$19 billion** a year in the U.S. This is expected to rise to **\$25.3 billion** per year by 2025 as the elderly population nearly doubles.
- The number of osteoporotic fractures annually currently **exceeds** the incidence of heart attack, stroke and breast cancer **combined**.



FLS Progress to Date

- There is international consensus that implementing FLS programs reduces secondary fractures.
- Goal: 20 percent reduction in hip fractures by 2020, when the United States and other countries around the world are expected to be hit with a wave of fractures because of an aging population.
- Nearly 40 FLS programs implemented globally to date.
- Today you will hear about programs in the U.S. and internationally that are making significant progress in FLS adoption.

